

#### **About COHHIO & the Presenter**

**Coalition on Homelessness and Housing in Ohio** 

- www.cohhio.org
- Mission of ending homelessness and promoting affordable housing through public policy advocacy, training and technical assistance, research, hotline advice, and public education
- 20<sup>th</sup> Anniversary in 2014

#### Joe Maskovyak

- Affordable and Fair Housing Coordinator
- Former Legal Services attorney

#### **Overview**

- Training will provide a basic introduction to:
- Fair Housing Act: Terms and definitions
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973
- Reasonable Accommodations & Modifications
- Selected Fair Housing Topics

#### Training will NOT cover:

- Landlord Tenant Law
- Numerous other fair housing laws

# **Agenda Details**

#### 1. Fair Housing 101

- What is fair housing?
- Protected Classes (Emphasis on Disability)
  Discrimination in Rental Housing
- 2. Reasonable Accommodations & Modifications • Terms, Definitions, and Examples
- 3. Section 504 of the 1973 Rehabilitation Act
- 4. Steps of requesting a RA/RM

# PART 1: FAIR HOUSING 101

# Fair Housing History

#### Fair Housing Act passed in 1968

- Title VIII of Civil Rights Act of 1968
- One week after assassination of MLK, Jr.



#### Sources of Law

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
- Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (FHA) (as amended)
- Fair Housing Act Amendments of 1988 (FHAA)
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973
- Section 109 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974
- Architectural Barriers Act of 1968
- Age Discrimination Act of 1975
- Section 3: Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968
- Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA)
- Housing for Older Persons Act of 1995 (HOPA)

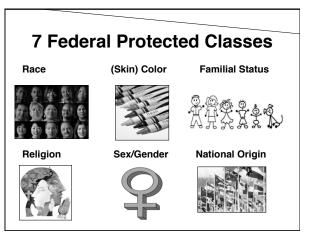
# Simple Definition of Fair Housing Act

- Prohibits discrimination in the, rental (including services), sale, advertising, design, insuring, and financing of dwellings, and in other housingrelated transactions, based on membership in protected classes
- VERY BROAD & intended to be broad

# **Fair Housing Act Basics**

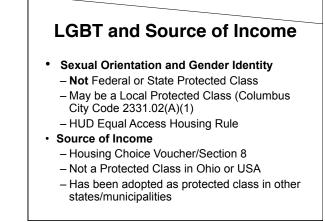
- Prohibits discrimination in the sale, rental, and financing of dwellings, and in other housing-related transactions...
  - Applies to Landlords, Realtors, Mortgage Brokers, Insurance Agents, Zoning Codes, etc.

# Fair Housing Act Basics ...based on membership in protected classes Characteristic of a person which cannot be targeted for discrimination Can be determined by documented patterns of treatment



#### 7<sup>th</sup> Federal Protected Class **Fair Housing Basics** Disability • Familial Status Fair Housing Act amended in 1988 to • **R**ace include disability and • **S**ex familial status Section 504 of the • **H**andicap (Disability) Rehabilitation Act of • Color 1973 Americans with • Religion Disabilities Act of 1990 • National Origin • 1999 Olmstead Decision





# Discrimination in Rental Housing Landlord-Tenant Level

#### Advertising

- Language
- Location
- Application process
- Unusual screening criteria
- Refusal to rent/sell
- "Don't bother to apply"
- Misrepresenting availability
- Separate waiting lists
- · Extra fees or deposit amount

#### **Discrimination in Rental Housing**

- Steering towards other units or other parts of town
- Segregation, safety, "You'll enjoy this unit more"
- Difference in treatment during tenancy
- Inspections, maintenance, enforcement of rules
- •Not renewing the rental agreement
- Disparate Impact
- Seemingly neutral policy that has the effect of discriminating against members of a protected class

#### **Discrimination in Rental Housing**

#### **Community Level**

- Concentrating Affordable Housing development in certain areas
  - Tests Disparate Impact in FH in court
  - Some debate within FH community
- Codes or policies that unfairly restrict housing for protected classes
- Supportive Housing, Group Homes, Recovery or "Halfway Houses"
- Ex: Requiring business permits for group homes but not other landlords, unfair spacing requirements (could depend on community), "one lease per single family home"

# **Exceptions to FHA**

- Any single family home sold or rented by an owner
- Rooms or units in dwellings with less than 4 units
- · Religious organizations
- · Private Clubs
- · Emergency shelter
- Having an exemption under the FHA does not prevent one from being sued pursuant to other nondiscrimination statutes (Section 504, ADA)

# **Americans with Disabilities Act** (ADA)

- · Covers places of public accommodation
- · Those areas of a housing development which are open to the public:
  - Rental office
  - Pools
  - Club house/party room
  - Gym

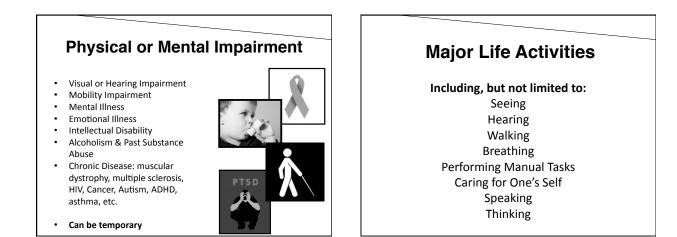
# Part 1: Fair Housing Summary

- · Fair Housing Act - Prohibits discrimination in housing transactions · Based on membership in Protected Classes Broadly interpreted and applied Protected Classes – Federal • Race, Color, National Origin, Religion, Sex/Gender, Familial Status, Disability State · Ancestry, Military Status
  - Local
  - · May include sexual orientation and/or gender identity - Source of Income not a protected class in Ohio

**PART 2**: REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS **& MODIFICATIONS** 

# **Disability Definition**

- A individual with a disability is any person who has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities
- · Person who has a record of such impairment
- Person regarded as having such an impairment



# Why Focus on Disability

#### According to the US Census Bureau:

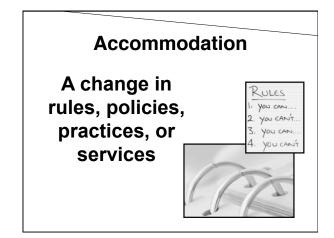
- 49.7 Million people in the US experience a disability (19%)
- 5.2 Million were between the ages of 5-20 (8%)
- 30.6 Million were between the ages of 21-64 and 57% were employed
- 14 Million were 65 and over.

# Why Focus on Disability According to HUD:

- Approximately 40% of all cases filed in 2009 were disability related
- In 2013 the # of disability related cases was more than 50%
- That % climbs every year

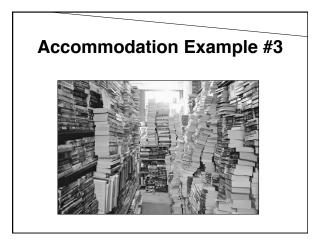
## Reasonable Accommodations & Reasonable Modifications

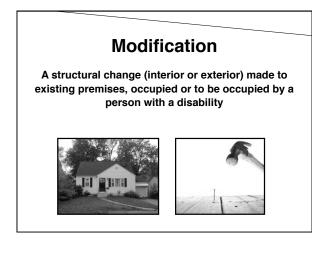
- Fair Housing Act requires that:
- A landlord *may not unreasonably refuse to provide a reasonable accommodation* of a rule, policy, or procedure to address the needs of a person with a disability
- A landlord *may not unreasonably deny permission* to a tenant to make a modification of the premises to address the needs of a person with a disability







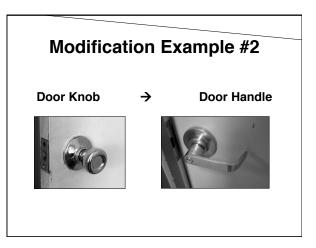




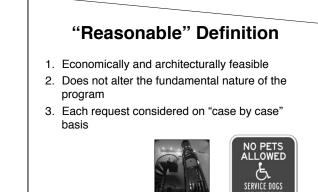
# Modification Example # 1

Adding Grab Bars in the Shower







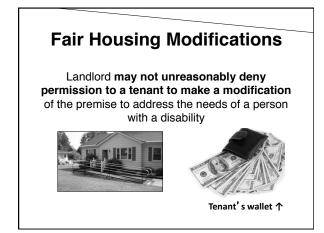


PART 3: SECTION 504 OF THE 1973 REHABILITATION ACT

# Section 504

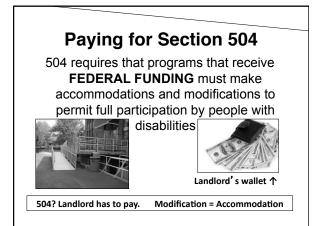
#### States:

"No otherwise qualified individual with a disability in the United States... shall, solely by reason of her or his disability, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program, service or activity **receiving federal financial** assistance...."



# Section 504 and Fair Housing

Although Section 504 imposes greater obligations than the Fair Housing Act, (e.g., providing and paying for reasonable accommodations that involve structural modifications to units or public and common areas), the principles discussed in this Statement regarding reasonable accommodation under the Fair Housing Act generally apply to requests for reasonable accommodations to rules, policies, practices, and services under Section 504.



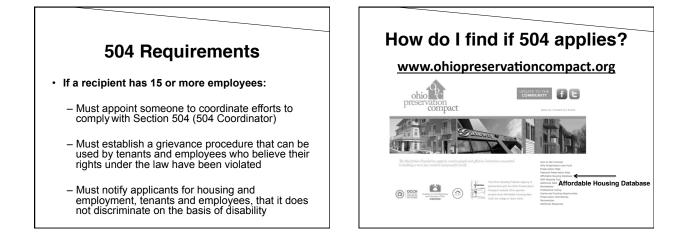
## Who is covered under 504?

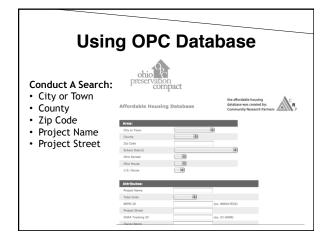
#### YES:

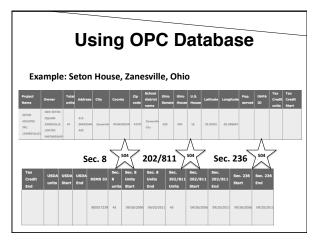
- Owned by Public Housing Authority
- Project-based Section 8
- 202/811 senior/disabled
- USDA Rural Development properties
   Section 236 (with a mortgage subsidy)
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   Other federal funding (CDBG\_HOME\_etc
- Other federal funding (CDBG, HOME, etc.)

#### NO:

- Housing Choice Vouchers (aka METRO)
- All other privately owned/financed property
- LIHTC properties without federal gap financing







# PART 4: SUBMITTING A FHA OR 504 REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION

# Preparing a RA/RM

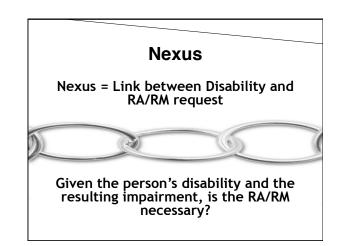
#### Before submitting, make sure:

- Person is considered disabled under FHA
   Not obvious? May need documentation
- Major Life Activity impaired in housing • Strong "nexus"
- 504 eligible?

# **Documentation: Disability**

Landlord allowed to ask for documentation of an individual's disability related to the request

- NOT entire medical history
- Sources: Doctor, therapist, peer support group, nonmedical service agency, individual, etc.



# **Nexus: Paint a Picture** • Nexus may not always be obvious • Landlord allowed to ask for documentation - Medical records, Treatment Sources, Witnesses

• Interviewing the tenant or someone who knows them well may help illustrate the nexus



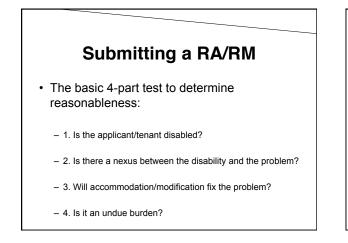


# Submitting a RA/RM

- ٠
- Get the details together: Disability and Major Life Activity Request for Accommodation or Modification is clear and reasonable Solid nexus
- · Give written notice to landlord or property manager Not required, but INVALUABLE to document in practice
- Wait a reasonable amount of time •



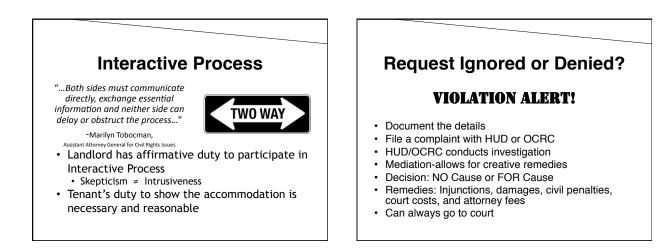




# Submitting a RA/RM



- 1.Accepted
- 2. Interactive Process
- 3.lgnored
- 4.Denied



# Cost of Non-Compliance with Fair Housing

• "Basically no one pays attention to the rights of people with disabilities unless a lawsuit is filed or when money is on the table."

# How to stay in touch:

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Thank you!