Emergency Shelter *Housing First Practices Review Tool*

Screening, Triage and Access The emergency shelter, either directly or as part of a community-wide coordinated entry system	Always; Fully Implemented	Sometimes; Seeking to Fully Implement	Not Currently; Seeking to Implement	Not Currently; Not Seeking to Implement
A. Screens people requesting shelter for other safe and appropriate housing options (temporary or permanent) and resources to obtain/maintain their housing.				
B. Screens people requesting shelter for critical health and safety needs to identify people with more severe service needs and provide an appropriate response.				
C. Diverts people <i>who have</i> other safe and appropriate housing options or resources away from emergency shelter and instead offers <i>immediate linkage to homelessness prevention assistance, as needed, desired, and available.</i>				
Provides access to emergency shelter (directly or through referral) without preconditions, such as sobriety or ability to pay program fees.				
Housing-Focused Assistance and Participant Self- Determination	Always; Fully Implemented	Sometimes; Seeking to Fully Implement	Not Currently; Seeking to Implement	Not Currently; Not Seeking to Implement
 E. Participants and staff understand that the primary goals of the emergency shelter are to: Provide temporary accommodation that is safe, respectful, and responsive to individual needs; and Re-house participants in permanent housing as quickly as possible, regardless of other personal issues or concerns. 				
F. Participants are expected to be actively working on re-housing plans and engaging in related assistance to overcome immediate and direct barriers to securing housing.				
 G. Participant assessment focuses on: Immediate health and safety needs relevant to providing temporary accommodations; and Information relevant to securing housing, including: participant preferences; factors that would cause a landlord to reject the person's application (past evictions, criminal history, etc.); factors that directly led to housing instability or homelessness in the past (failure to pay rent, lease violations, etc.); and other information necessary to link participants to financial assistance and housing-related resources. 				
H. Participants are assisted with creating and updating individualized Housing Plans designed to re-house and stabilize participants as quickly as possible.				
I. Staff helping to re-house participants are aware of and know how to access a wide array of housing options (public/private, subsidized/unsubsidized, all local permanent supportive housing, etc.) to help participants achieve their Housing Plan goals.				

	using-Focused Assistance and Participant Self- termination	Always; Fully Implemented	Sometimes; Seeking to Fully Implement	Not Currently; Seeking to Implement	Not Currently; Not Seeking to Implement
J.	Participants are provided or connected to housing location and placement assistance, including financial assistance for move-in costs, to achieve their Housing Plan goals. Assistance is provided: • For all participants who cannot otherwise exit on their own; • Without additional preconditions, such employment or sobriety; and • With understanding that housing may cost greater than 30% of participant income and be precarious.				
K.	Staff are aware of and know how to access other community resources (e.g., legal services) that can help participants achieve their housing placement and stabilization goals.				
L.	Participation in services unrelated to housing placement is voluntary.				
	Exits to other homeless situations are avoided, even when program rules are violated. People who are a risk to themselves or others are exited to more appropriate assistance, such as a more intensive program, hospital, or other emergency responder.				
N.	Participants only move to other emergency shelter or transitional housing when: They desire and choose; More appropriate to meet their health and safety needs (e.g., persons in early recovery; domestic violence survivors; those who need special accommodations); and No permanent housing solution (with or without supportive services) is currently available that is a similar or better match for their preferences and needs.				

Street Outreach Housing First Practices Review Tool

Screening, Triage and Access The street outreach program, either directly or as part of a community-wide coordinated entry system	<i>Always</i> ; Fully Implemented	Sometimes; Seeking to Fully Implement	Not Currently; Seeking to Implement	Not Currently; Not Seeking to Implement
A. Screens people contacted through outreach as soon as possible for critical health and safety needs to identify people with the most severe service needs (including people who are chronically homeless and/or with active mental health or substance abuse issues) and provide an appropriate response.				
B. Provides access to emergency shelter, permanent housing, and services without preconditions such as sobriety, service participation, or minimum income.				
Housing-Focused Assistance and Participant Self- Determination	<i>Always</i> ; Fully Implemented	Sometimes; Seeking to Fully Implement	Not Currently; Seeking to Implement	Not Currently; Not Seeking to Implement
 C. Participants and staff understand that the primary goals of street outreach are to: Provide access to emergency shelter and services; and Re-house participants in permanent housing as quickly as possible, regardless of other personal issues or concerns. 				
D. Participants are expected to be actively working on re-housing plans and engaging in related assistance to overcome immediate and direct barriers to securing housing. Participation in other services is voluntary.				
 Participant assessment focuses on: Immediate health and safety needs; and Information relevant to securing shelter and/or housing, including: participant preferences. 				
F. Participants are assisted with creating and updating individualized Housing Plans designed to access emergency shelter and/or re-house and stabilize participants as quickly as possible.				
G. Staff helping participants are aware of and know how to access emergency shelter, transitional housing, and a wide array of housing options (public/private, subsidized/unsubsidized, all local permanent supportive housing, etc.) to help participants achieve their Housing Plan goals.				
 H. Participants are provided or connected to housing location and placement assistance, including financial assistance for move-in costs, to achieve their Housing Plan goals. Assistance is provided: Without additional preconditions, such as employment or sobriety; and With understanding that housing may cost greater than 30% of participant income and be precarious. 				

	ousing-Focused Assistance and Participant Self- etermination	Always; Fully Implemented	Sometimes; Seeking to Fully Implement	Not Currently; Seeking to Implement	Not Currently; Not Seeking to Implement
I.	Staff are aware of and know how to access other community resources (e.g., legal services) that can help participants achieve their housing placement and stabilization goals.				
J.	Participation in services unrelated to housing placement is voluntary.				

Homelessness Prevention Housing First Practices Review Tool

The	reening, Triage and Access e homelessness prevention program, either directly or part of a community-wide coordinated entry system	<i>Always</i> ; Fully Implemented	Sometimes; Seeking to Fully Implement	Not Currently; Seeking to Implement	Not Currently; Not Seeking to Implement
A.	Screens people applying for assistance to identify people who will become literally homeless "but for" homelessness prevention assistance (i.e., are losing their housing and have no other resources or housing options).				
B.	Prioritizes people applying for homelessness prevention assistance who have greater urgency (closer to becoming literally homeless) and/or more severe service needs (e.g., people with little or no income and/or with active mental health or substance abuse issues) to prioritize applicants when resources are limited. This includes people who are diverted from emergency shelter, but who have a safe and appropriate place to stay while they receive homelessness prevention assistance.				
C.	Provides access to homelessness prevention assistance without preconditions , such as sobriety or minimum income level.				
	using-Focused Assistance and Participant Self- termination	Always; Fully Implemented	Sometimes; Seeking to Fully Implement	Not Currently; Seeking to Implement	Not Currently; Not Seeking to Implement
D.	Participants and staff understand that a primary goal of homelessness prevention is to prevent <i>literal</i> homelessness as quickly as possible , regardless of other personal issues or concerns.				
E.	Participant assessment focuses on barriers to obtaining and/or maintaining housing (e.g., past rental/criminal/credit history, current income, legal issues, etc.).				
F.	Participants are assisted with creating and updating individualized Housing Plans , designed to prevent literal homelessness and stabilize participants quickly as possible.				
G.	Participants are provided or connected to assistance to locate and obtain permanent housing, financial assistance for move-in and/or stabilization costs, and housing case management in order to achieve their Housing Plan goals. Assistance is provided: • Without additional preconditions, such as employment or sobriety; and • With understanding that housing may cost greater than 30% of participant income and be precarious.				
H.	Staff helping participants are aware of and know how to access a wide array of housing options (public/private, subsidized/unsubsidized, all local permanent supportive housing, etc.) to help participants achieve their Housing Plan goals.				

	ousing-Focused Assistance and Participant Self- etermination	Always; Fully Implemented	Sometimes; Seeking to Fully Implement	Not Currently; Seeking to Implement	Not Currently; Not Seeking to Implement
I.	Staff are aware of and know how to access other community resources (e.g., legal services) that can help participants achieve their housing retention and stabilization goals.				
J.	Participation in services unrelated to housing retention is voluntary.				

Rapid Re-Housing Housing First Practices Review Tool

The	reening, Triage and Access e rapid re-housing program, either directly <u>or</u> as part a community-wide coordinated entry system	<i>Always</i> ; Fully Implemented	Sometimes; Seeking to Fully Implement	Not Currently; Seeking to Implement	Not Currently; Not Seeking to Implement
	Screens all people who are literally homeless and ensures quick linkage to rapid re-housing assistance, based on participant needs, preferences, and resource availability.				
B.	Screens people applying for assistance to identify people who will remain literally homeless "but for" rapid rehousing assistance (i.e., have no other resources or assistance available to exit homelessness).				
C.	Prioritizes people applying for rapid re-housing assistance who have more severe service needs and barriers to exiting homelessness.				
D.	Provides access to rapid re-housing assistance without preconditions , such as sobriety or minimum income level.				
	using-Focused Assistance and Participant Self- termination	<i>Always</i> ; Fully Implemented	Sometimes; Seeking to Fully Implement	Not Currently; Seeking to Implement	Not Currently; Not Seeking to Implement
Ei	Participants and staff understand that a primary goal of rapid re-housing is to end homelessness and move participants to permanent housing as quickly as possible , regardless of other personal issues or concerns.				
F.	Participant assessment focuses on barriers to obtaining and/or maintaining housing (e.g., past rental/credit/criminal history, current income, legal issues, knowledge of tenant rights and responsibilities, etc.).				
G.	Participants are assisted with creating and (for ongoing assistance) updating individualized Housing Plans , designed to re-house and stabilize participants as quickly as possible.				
H.	Participants are provided assistance to locate and obtain permanent housing, financial assistance for move-in and stabilization costs, and housing case management in order to achieve their Housing Plan goals. This includes assistance to address tenancy problems that may jeopardize housing. Assistance is provided: • Without additional preconditions, such as employment or sobriety; and • With understanding that housing may cost greater than 30% of participant income and be precarious.				
I.	Staff helping participants are aware of and know how to access a wide array of housing options (public/private, subsidized/unsubsidized, all local permanent supportive housing, etc.) to help participants achieve their Housing Plan goals.				

	ousing-Focused Assistance and Participant Self- etermination	Always; Fully Implemented	Sometimes; Seeking to Fully Implement	Not Currently; Seeking to Implement	Not Currently; Not Seeking to Implement
J.	Staff are aware of and know how to access other community resources (e.g., legal services, subsidized childcare) that can help participants achieve their housing placement and stabilization goals.				
K.	Participation in services unrelated to housing retention is voluntary.				

Transitional Housing Housing First Practices Review Tool

Screening, Triage and Access	<i>Always</i> ; Fully	Sometimes; Seeking to Fully	Not Currently; Seeking to	Not Currently; Not Seeking
The transitional housing program, either directly <u>or</u> as part of a community-wide coordinated entry system	Implemented	Implement	Implement	to Implement
 A. Screens all people who are literally homeless and ensures quick linkage to transitional housing assistance when: They desire and choose; More appropriate to meet their health and safety needs (e.g., persons in early recovery; domestic violence survivors; those who need special accommodations); and No permanent housing solution (with or without supportive services) is currently available that is a similar or better match for their preferences and needs. 				
B. Prioritizes people applying for transitional housing assistance who have more severe service needs and barriers to exiting homelessness.				
C. Provides access to transitional housing assistance without preconditions, such as sobriety or minimum income level.				
				Not
Housing-Focused Assistance and Participant Self- Determination	Always; Fully Implemented	Sometimes; Seeking to Fully Implement	Not Currently; Seeking to Implement	Currently; Not Seeking to Implement
 Determination D. Participants and staff understand that the primary goals of transitional housing are to: Provide temporary accommodation that is safe, respectful, and responsive to individual needs; Address the service needs of participants; and Re-house participants in permanent housing as quickly as possible, regardless of other personal 	Fully	Seeking to Fully	Currently; Seeking to	Currently; Not Seeking to
 Determination D. Participants and staff understand that the primary goals of transitional housing are to: Provide temporary accommodation that is safe, respectful, and responsive to individual needs; Address the service needs of participants; and Re-house participants in permanent housing as 	Fully Implemented	Seeking to Fully	Currently; Seeking to Implement	Currently; Not Seeking to
Determination D. Participants and staff understand that the primary goals of transitional housing are to: • Provide temporary accommodation that is safe, respectful, and responsive to individual needs; • Address the service needs of participants; and • Re-house participants in permanent housing as quickly as possible, regardless of other personal issues or concerns, and as desired by the participant. E. Participant assessment focuses on barriers to obtaining and/or maintaining housing (e.g., past rental/credit/criminal history, current income, legal issues, knowledge of tenant rights and responsibilities, etc.) and	Fully Implemented	Seeking to Fully	Currently; Seeking to Implement	Currently; Not Seeking to

	ousing-Focused Assistance and Participant Self- etermination	Always; Fully Implemented	Sometimes; Seeking to Fully Implement	Not Currently; Seeking to Implement	Not Currently; Not Seeking to Implement
H.	Participants are provided or connected with assistance to locate and obtain permanent housing and financial assistance for move-in and stabilization costs in order to achieve their Housing Plan goals. Assistance is provided: • Without additional preconditions, such as employment, sobriety, or program compliance; and • With understanding that housing may cost greater than 30% of participant income and be precarious.				
I.	Staff helping participants are aware of and know how to access a wide array of housing options (public/private, subsidized/unsubsidized, all local permanent supportive housing, etc.) to help participants achieve their Housing Plan goals.				
J.	Staff are aware of and know how to access other community resources (e.g., legal services, subsidized childcare) that can help participants achieve their housing placement and stabilization goals.				
K.	Participation in services unrelated to housing placement is voluntary.				
L.	Exits to other homeless situations are avoided, even when program rules are violated. People who are a risk to themselves or others are exited to more appropriate assistance, such as a more intensive program, hospital, or other emergency responder.				

Permanent Supportive Housing Housing First Practices Review Tool

	reening, Triage and Access		Sometimes;	Not	Not
	e permanent supportive housing program, either	<i>Always</i> ; Fully	Seeking to	Currently;	Currently; Not Seeking
	ectly <u>or</u> as part of a community-wide coordinated	Implemented	Fully Implement	Seeking to Implement	to Implement
	try system				implement
A.	Screens all people who are literally homeless and ensures quick linkage to permanent supportive housing				
	assistance, based on participant needs, preferences, and				
	resource availability.				
B.	Screens people applying for assistance to identify people				
C.	who are the best match relative to other options. Prioritizes people applying permanent supportive				
О.	housing who have experienced a longer period of time				
	homeless and have more severe service needs.				
D.	Provides access to permanent supportive housing				
	without preconditions, such as sobriety, willingness to				
	participate in services, or minimum income level.]		
	using-Focused Assistance and Participant Self- termination	Always; Fully Implemented	Sometimes; Seeking to Fully Implement	Not Currently; Seeking to Implement	Not Currently; Not Seeking to Implement
E.	Participants and staff understand that a primary goal of				
	permanent supportive housing is to end homelessness				
	for people with the most severe service needs and				
	help participants stay housed, regardless of other				
_	personal issues or concerns.				
۲.	Participant assessment focuses on barriers to				
	maintaining housing (e.g., past rental/credit/criminal history, current income, legal issues, knowledge of tenant				
	rights and responsibilities, etc.) and other service needs				
	the program is designed to address or can address				
	through referrals.				
G.	Participants are assisted with creating and (for ongoing				
	assistance) updating individualized Housing Plans,				
	designed to stabilize participants in housing as quickly as	Ш			
	possible.				
H.	Participants are provided or connected to financial				
	assistance for move-in and stabilization costs and				
	housing case management in order to achieve their Housing Plan goals. This includes assistance to				
	address tenancy problems that may jeopardize				
	housing. Assistance is provided:				
	Without additional preconditions, such as				
	employment or sobriety; and				
	With understanding that housing may cost greater				
	than 30% of participant income and be precarious.				
I.	Staff are aware of and know how to access other				
	community resources (e.g., legal services, subsidized				
	childcare) that can help participants achieve their housing				
	stabilization goals.				
J.	Participation in services is voluntary.				

Barriers, Opportunities, and Next Steps

Use the following worksheet to identify:

- Barriers or challenges to implementing Housing First practices
- Opportunities for resolving barriers, including program changes that might happen in partnership with other homeless system and community providers
- Next steps to address barriers and further implement Housing First practices

ities	Next Steps